The "Thinking Person's checklist" Alan Jacobs, How to Think: A Survival Guide for a World at Odds

- 1. When faced with provocation to respond to what someone has said, give it five minutes. Take a walk, or weed the garden, or chop some vegetables. Get your body involved: your body knows the rhythms to live by, and if your mind falls into your body's rhythm, you'll have a better chance of thinking.
- 2. Value learning over debating. Don't "talk for victory."
- 3. As best you can, online and off, avoid the people who fan flames.
- 4. Remember that you don't have to respond to what everyone else is responding to in order to signal your virtue and right-mindedness.
- 5. If you *do* have to respond to what everyone else is responding to in order to signal your virtue and right-mindedness, or else lose your status in your community, then you should realize that it's not a community but rather an Inner Ring.
- 6. Gravitate as best you can, in every way you can, toward people who seem to value genuine community and can handle disagreement with equanimity.
- 7. Seek out the best and fairest-minded of people whose views you disagree with. Listen to them for a time without responding. Whatever they say, *think it over*.
- 8. Patiently, and as honestly as you can, assess your repugnancies.
- 9. Sometimes the "ick factor" is telling; sometimes it's a distraction from what matters.
- 10. Beware of metaphors and myths that do too much heavy cognitive lifting; notice what your "terministic screens" are directing your attention to—and what they're directing your attention *away from*; look closely for hidden metaphors and beware the power of myth.
- 11. Try to describe others' positions in the language that *they* use, without indulging in in-other-wordsing.
- 12. Be brave.

Read the whole book for an explanation and elaboration of each point.